

How does solar radiation affect Antarctica?

Front. Earth Sci.,31 August 2022 Solar radiation drives many geophysical and biological processes in Antarctica, such as sea ice melting, ice sheet mass balance, and photosynthetic processes of phytoplankton in the polar marine environment.

How accurate is Antarctica Great Wall Station dgsr data?

A reconstruction of the Antarctica Great Wall Station daily global solar radiation spanning 1986-2020 was presented, and is available upon request. The long-term DGSR data have the highest accuracythat agrees with the observed DGSR, and can describe the radiation characteristics and trend changes at the Great Wall Station, Antarctica.

Can Antarctica be used to measure reflected solar radiation?

Use of Antarctica for validating reflected solar radiation measured by satellite sensors. J. Geophys. Res. 113, D16S34. doi:10.1029/2007JD008835 Karlsson, K.-G., Anttila, K., Trentmann, J., Stengel, M., Fokke Meirink, J., Devasthale, A., et al. (2017).

What is the average air temperature in Antarctica?

The annual mean air temperature increased by about 1.80 °C over the ten years,and agrees with the warming trends for all of Antarctica. The annual averages were 316.49 Wm -2 for the calculated global solar radiation,0.332 for S/G,-46.23 °Cfor the air temperature and 0.10 hPa for the water vapor pressure.

Which weather stations provide the most accurate surface radiation balance in Antarctica?

To our best knowledge, ground-based solar radiation at automatic weather stations and yearly-round stations remain the primary source for providing the most accurate data and monitoring surface radiation balance in Antarctica (Stanhill and Cohen, 1997; Braun and Hock, 2004).

Is dgsr increasing in Antarctica?

In addition, the DGSR of the Great Wall Station, Antarctica followed a statistically significant increasing trendat a rate of 0.14 MJ/m 2 /decade over the past 35 years.

Abstract. In March 2017, measurements of downward global irradiance of ultraviolet (UV) radiation were started with a multichannel GUV-2511 radiometer in Marambio, Antarctica (64.23 ? S; 56.62 ? W), by the Finnish Meteorological Institute (FMI) in collaboration with the Servicio Meteorologico Nacional (SMN). These measurements were analysed and the ...

Long-term, ground-based daily global solar radiation (DGSR) at Zhongshan Station in Antarctica can quantitatively reveal the basic characteristics of Earth's surface radiation balance and validate satellite data for the Antarctic region. The fixed station was established in 1989, and conventional radiation observations



started much later in 2008. In this study, a ...

The extreme weather conditions and complex logistics of Antarctica put both solar and wind systems under huge stress, which generates operational, technological and budgetary challenges that are also explored in this work. ... Fourth, even though the emissions that contribute to global warming from Antarctic stations are negligible ...

Global Event: Annular Solar Eclipse: Local Type: Annular Solar Eclipse, in Antarctica: Start of Partial: Tue, Feb 17, 2026 at 6:57 am CLST: ... Note: Click on the date link for details in Antarctica, or the path map image for global details. ...

This solar calculator is provided for research and entertainment purposes only. Due to variable atmospheric conditions and uncertainty inherent in the algorithms used, the actual observed values of sunrise, sunset and solar position may differ from the ...

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Abstract. Surface solar radiation (SSR) is an essential factor in the flow of surface energy, enabling accurate capturing of long-term climate change and understanding of the energy balance of Earth"s atmosphere system. However, the long-term trend estimation of SSR is subject to significant uncertainties due to the temporal inhomogeneity and the uneven spatial ...

Antarctica is the planet"s fifth largest continent. It contains the Earth"s largest (of two) remaining ice sheets and is considered to be one of the most important scientific laboratories on Earth. Changes in the area and volume of the two polar ice sheets in Antarctica and Greenland are intricately linked to changes in global climate, and could result in sea-level changes that could ...

The present study attempted to evaluate the estimation performance of empirical models and machine learning models, and use the optimal model to establish a 35-year daily global solar ...

Loss of Antarctic sea-ice could also add to the anthropogenic global warming. Between 1992 and 2018 the changes in the reflectivity of polar regions, on average, amounted to a global warming ...

Total Solar Eclipse, in Antarctica: Start of Partial: Sat, Dec 4, 2021 at 3:20 am : Start of Totality: Sat, Dec 4, 2021 at 4:08 am : ... Note: Click on the date link for details in Antarctica, or the path map image for global details. Next visible eclipse is highlighted. Next total solar eclipse in Antarctica.

A growing network of ice cores reveals the past 800,000 years of Antarctic climate and atmospheric



composition. The data show tight links among greenhouse gases, aerosols and global climate on ...

A 35-year daily global solar radiation dataset reconstruction at the Great Wall Station, Antarctica: First results and comparison with ERA5, ... sufficient to quantify regional changes in surface solar radiation in Antarctica remains unknown. Therefore, the assessment of

Antarctica: Role in Global ClimateIntroductionThe world"s climate system is, in some ways, like a complex machine. Heat is moved from place to place by ocean currents and by winds; winds, ocean currents, sea ice, land ice, snow cover, vegetation, and other factors affect climate and are affected by climate. The chemical composition of the atmosphere, which is being changed by ...

Abstract Downward surface solar radiation (SSR) is a crucial component of the global energy balance, affecting temperature and the hydrological cycle profoundly, and it provides crucial information about climate change. Many studies have examined SSR trends; however, they have often concentrated on specific regions due to limited spatial coverage of ...

Long-term, ground-based daily global solar radiation (DGSR) at Zhongshan Station in Antarctica can quantitatively reveal the basic characteristics of Earth's surface radiation balance and validate satellite data for the Antarctic region. The fixed station was established in 1989, and conventional radiation observations started much later in 2008.

An empirical model to predict hourly global solar irradiance under all-sky conditions as a function of absorbing and scattering factors has been applied at the Dome C station in the Antarctic, using measured solar radiation and meteorological variables. ... and agrees with the warming trends for all of Antarctica. The annual averages were 316. ...

The amount of solar energy that Earth receives has followed the Sun"s natural 11-year cycle of small ups and downs with no net increase since the 1950s. Over the same period, global temperature has risen markedly. It is therefore extremely unlikely that the Sun has caused the observed global temperature warming trend over the past half-century.

Different 10Be ice core records from Greenland and Antarctica with the global 14C tree ring record using principal component analysis are combined to derive total solar irradiance, which is then used as a proxy of solar activity to identify the solar imprint in an Asian climate record. Understanding the temporal variation of cosmic radiation and solar activity ...

The downward shortwave radiation (DSR) is an important part of the Earth"s energy balance, driving Earth"s system"s energy, water, and carbon cycles. Due to the harsh Antarctic environment, the accuracy of DSR derived from satellite and reanalysis has not been systematically evaluated over the transect of Zhongshan station to Dome A, East Antarctica. ...



The albedo effect refers to the reflection of solar radiation by light-colored surfaces. As glaciers and ice sheets melt in Antarctica, the dark-colored ocean or land surface absorbs more of the sun"s energy, causing more warming and contributing to a positive feedback loop. ... It helps protect Antarctica by coordinating global policies ...

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The total loss of global solar radiation during the eclipse was 0.60 MJ m -2, equaling 1.6% of the total daily global solar radiation. Regional effects of the eclipse due to a reduction of global solar radiation for air temperature and snow temperature ranged from 0.015 to 0.020 K (W m -2) -1. We additionally examined the relation between ...

Global Event: Annular Solar Eclipse: Local Type: Partial Solar Eclipse, in Antarctica: Start of Partial: Wed, Oct 2, 2024 at 3:58 pm: Start of Annularity: Not visible from Antarctica: End of Annularity: Not visible from Antarctica: End of Partial: Wed, Oct 2, 2024 at 6:30 pm CLST: All times shown on this page are local time.

Parts of East Antarctica (marked in blue) are currently the only place on Earth to regularly experience negative greenhouse effect during certain months of the year. At greater warming levels, this effect is likely to disappear due to ...

An empirical model to predict hourly global solar irradiance under all-sky conditions as a function of absorbing and scattering factors has been applied at the Dome C station in the Antarctic, using measured solar radiation and meteorological variables. The calculated hourly global solar irradiance agrees well with measurements at the ground in ...

The estimation of the average daily, monthly and annual direct normal solar irradiation(DNI) was done in the region hosting the Mario Zucchelli Station, in the bay of Terra Nova(Antarctica).

Here, a reconstruction of the Antarctica Great Wall Station daily surface solar radiation (also referred to as daily global solar radiation, DGSR) spanning 1986-2020 is presented, and ...

Article Estimation of Direct Normal Irradiance at Antarctica for Concentrated Solar Technology Irena Balog 1,\*, Francesco Spinelli 1, Paolo Grigioni 2, Giampaolo Caputo 1, Giuseppe Napoli 1 and Lorenzo De Silvestri 2 1 ENEA Casaccia Research Center, DTE-STSN, via Anguillarese 301, 000123 Rome, Italy 2 ENEA Casaccia Research Center, SSPT-PROTER, via Anguillarese ...

The global solar radiation and its components, the air temperature and other key factors at Dome C, Sodankylä and QYZ were analyzed. Global solar radiation received in the ...

The long-term (1989.3-2020.3) estimated DGSR constructed by a random forest (RF) model using conventional meteorological observation data and observed DGSR. Column 1: Year. Column 2: Month. Column 3: Day. Column 4: DGSR data from RF model in "MJ/m2" unit. The long-term estimated DGSR provides a more detailed solar radiation data for ...

TABLE 4 Final selection value of the main parameters in each model. - "A 35-year daily global solar radiation dataset reconstruction at the Great Wall Station, Antarctica: First results and comparison with ERA5, CRA40 reanalysis, and ICDR (AVHRR) satellite products"

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